

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

August 26, 1904 1716

Inspection at Laredo, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton reports, through Passed Assistant Surgeon Richardson, as follows:

Week ended August 13, 1904. Passenger trains entering from Mexico inspected, 14; persons on trains entered from Mexico inspected, 399; immigrants on trains entered from Mexico inspected, 68; immigrants vaccinated upon entry, 5; Pullman coaches disinfected, 14; persons detained for reason of not complying with State regulations, 27; persons inspected and entered via international footbridge, 3,164; persons presenting at international footbridge refused entry, 40.

Statistical reports of States and cities of the United States—Yearly and monthly.

California—Los Angeles.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 160,000. Total number of deaths, 207, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 1, whooping cough 2, and 40 from tuberculosis.

Oakland.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 83,000. Total number of deaths, 83, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 2, and 9 from tuberculosis.

Colorado Springs.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 43, including 22 from tuberculosis.

Indiana—Evansville.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 70,000. Total number of deaths, 100, including enteric fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 8 from tuberculosis.

LOUISIANA—New Orleans.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 317,000; white, 233,000; colored, 84,000. Total number of deaths, 514; white 315, colored 199, including enteric fever 11, and 89 from tuberculosis.

MARYLAND—Baltimore.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 541,000; white, 457,000; colored, 84,000. Total number of deaths, 1,071; white 812, colored 259, including diphtheria 8, enteric fever 15, measles 1, scarlet fever 9, and 120 from tuberculosis.

Massachusetts—*Holyoke*.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 50,538. Total number of deaths, 88, including diphtheria 1, whooping cough 1, and 11 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Worcester.—Month of June, 1904. Estimated population, 127,286. Total number of deaths, 155, including whooping cough 2, and 15 from tuberculosis.

Month of July, 1904. Total number of deaths, 148, including diphtheria 1, enteric fever 1, measles 1, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 2, and 18 from tuberculosis.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended August 13, 1904, from 92 observers, indicate that smallpox,

1717 August 26, 1904

scarlet fever and diphtheria were more than usually prevalent, and bronchitis, cholera morbus, cholera infantum, dysentery, intermittent fever, enteric fever, remittent fever, whooping cough, measles and pneumonia were less than usually prevalent.

Meningitis was reported present at 2, pneumonia at 9, whooping cough at 11, measles at 21, diphtheria at 28, scarlet fever at 39, small-pox at 67, enteric fever at 72, and phthisis pulmonalis at 278 places.

MINNESOTA—Winona.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 23,000. Total number of deaths, 12, including 3 from tuberculosis.

NEW YORK—Buffalo.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 380,000. Total number of deaths, 541, including diphtheria 7, enteric fever 12, measles 5, whooping cough 1, and 47 from tuberculosis.

Oнio—Columbus.—Month of July, 1904. Census population, 125,560. Total number of deaths, 149, including enteric fever 4, and 18 from tuberculosis.

OREGON—Portland.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 125,000. Total number of deaths, 91, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 2, and 13 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Pennsylvania—Dunmore.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 15,000. Total number of deaths, 18, including diphtheria 1, and 1 from tuberculosis.

Rhode Island—Newport.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 28,000. Total number of deaths, 25, including 2 from tuberculosis.

TENNESSEE—Chattanooga.—Month of May, 1904. Estimated population, 40,000; white, 27,000; colored, 13,000. Total number of deaths, 31; white, 15; colored, 16, including 2 from tuberculosis.

Months of June and July, 1904. Total number of deaths, 80; white, 43; colored, 37; including measles 1, whooping cough 1, and 4 from tuberculosis.

Texas—Laredo.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 15,000. Total number of deaths, 26, including 7 from tuberculosis.

UTAH—Salt Lake City.—Month of July, 1904. Census population, 53,531. Total number of deaths, 59, including diphtheria 1, and 3 from tuberculosis.

Washington—*Tacoma*.—Month of July, 1904. Estimated population, 65,000. Total number of deaths, 45, including diphtheria 2, whooping cough 2, and 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.